

Abstract Submitted to the
International Conference on Strongly Correlated Electron Systems
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor
August 6-10, 2001

**Low Energy Electronic Structure of $\text{Ce}_{1-x}\text{La}_x\text{Sb}$ ($x = 0, 0.1$)
in the Magnetically Ordered States**

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In order to investigate the electronic structures in the magnetically ordered states and the origin of the magnetic transition of $\text{Ce}_{1-x}\text{La}_x\text{Sb}$ ($x = 0, 0.1$), we measured the optical reflectivity and the magnetic circular/linear dichroism of the reflectivity spectrum in the infrared region at low temperatures down to 4 K under magnetic fields up to 14 T. The optical conductivity ($\sigma(\omega)$) spectrum derived from the reflectivity spectrum strongly varies with the change of the temperature and the magnetic field due to the magnetic phase transition. The $\sigma(\omega)$ spectrum reflects the electronic structure near the Fermi level, mainly the Sb 5*p* band and the Ce 5*d* band. The $\sigma(\omega)$ spectra in the ordered states cannot be explained only by the energy band folding due to the appearance of the long periodic magnetic structure. In addition, the $\sigma(\omega)$ spectra cannot be explained only by using the *pf* mixing model. To explain the $\sigma(\omega)$ spectra, not only the *pf* mixing but also the mixing of the Sb 5*p* and the Ce 5*d* states after the *pf* mixing is important.